FILED United States Attorney MATTHEW C. STEGMAN Assistant U.S. Attorney AUG 2 2 2007 501 I Street, Suite 10-100 Sacramento, California 95814 Telephone: (916) 554-2793 CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 4 DEPUTY CLERK 5 6 7 8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 2:07-01-366 BB, 11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, CR. NO. 12 Plaintiff, VIOLATIONS: 18 U.S.C. § 1341 Mail Fraud (11 Counts); 15 U.S.C. §§ 77q(a) and 77x - Securities Fraud; 13 ٧. 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(A)(I) - Money Laundering to Promote Specified DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, Unlawful Activity (3 Counts); 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) - Money KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, Laundering to Conceal the Proceeds BARBARA EBERLE, of Specified Unlawful Activity (4 16 CLIFFORD PALM, Counts); 18 U.S.C. § 1957 - Engaging ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and in Monetary Transactions over MARK ERIC WOLOK, \$10,000 in Property Derived from Specified Unlawful Activities (7 18 Counts); 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), Defendants. 19 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), and 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1) - Criminal Forfeiture 20 21 INDICTMENT 22 COUNTS ONE THROUGH ELEVEN: [18 U.S.C. §§ 1341 and 2 - Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting] 23 The Grand Jury charges: 24 DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, 25 ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, 26 CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, 27 DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK,

McGREGOR W. SCOTT

defendants herein, as follows:

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I. <u>INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS</u>

At all times material to this Indictment:

- 1. A "viatical settlement," sometimes referred to as a "viatical," "life settlement," or "senior settlement," was a transaction in which a person sold the death benefit of his or her life insurance policy to a third party in return for a lump sum cash payment, which represented a discounted percentage of the policy's face value. The insured was usually terminally ill or elderly. The insurance industry and state regulators, such as the California Department of Corporations, commonly refer to this type of investment as a "viatical."
- Viaticals arose when the AIDS epidemic began, allowing a terminally ill person the opportunity to benefit from his or her life insurance policy before death by selling the benefits to another person for cash. The terminally ill person, known as the viator, would sell his or her interest in the insurance policy to a viatical company. A viatical company then would resell the interest to investors, in whole, or as fractional interests. return on the investment depended on the length of time the viator lived, with a greater return the sooner the viator died. viator did not die, there was no return on the investment. life expectancy of the viator was to be estimated by a medical doctor, after a review of the viator's medical records. viatical investors lost their invested money. Because of the problems associated with viaticals, viatical sellers began selling interests in life insurance policies of elderly people, calling these investments "life settlements."

- 4. Defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS was an individual residing in Shasta County, State and Eastern Disrict of California.

 Defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS owned and operated a number of businesses for the purpose of acquiring viaticals/life settlements from viators or others, and marketing these viaticals/life settlements to investors. These businesses included, but were not limited to, Secure Investment Services ("SIS"); American Financial Services, Inc. ("AFS"); Cash for Life; and Lyndon Group, Inc, (hereinafter "NEUHAUS' businesses"). All were located in Shasta County, State and Eastern District of California.
- 5. Defendant KIMBERLY SNOWDEN was the daughter of defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, and resided in Shasta County, State and Eastern District of California. Defendant KIMBERLY SNOWDEN was an officer and employee of defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS and one or more of NEUHAUS' businesses. Defendant KIMBERLY SNOWDEN assisted with bookkeeping, operations, communications with investors, and marketing and selling viaticals/life settlements. She received commissions for selling viaticals/life settlements to investors.
- 6. Defendants ROBERT EBERLE and BARBARA EBERLE were husband and wife, residing in Butte County, State and Eastern District of California. Defendants ROBERT EBERLE and BARBARA EBERLE owned and operated a number of businesses for the purpose of marketing defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS! viaticals/life settlements to

investors. These businesses included, but were not limited to, Economic Specialties; Lexus Financial Group; Eagle Investments; and Eberle Investments. Defendants ROBERT EBERLE and BARBARA EBERLE operated these businesses from Butte County and Shasta County, both in the State and Eastern District of California; Las Vegas, Nevada; and Carson City, Nevada. Through these entities, defendants ROBERT EBERLE and BARBARA EBERLE acted as sales agents, and recruited other sales agents, for the purpose of selling viaticals/life settlements on behalf of defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS. Defendants ROBERT EBERLE and BARBARA EBERLE received commissions for selling viaticals/life settlements to investors.

- 7. Defendant CLIFFORD PALM was an individual residing in Placer County, State and Eastern District of California. Defendant CLIFFORD PALM was a sales agent, using the business name "Palm Estate Services," who sold viaticals/life settlements on behalf of defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS. Defendant PALM received commissions for selling viaticals/life settlements to investors.
- 8. Defendant ROBERT KOPPEL was an individual residing in Placer County, State and Eastern District of California. Defendant ROBERT KOPPEL was a sales agent for defendants ROBERT EBERLE and BARBARA EBERLE, who sold viaticals/life settlements on behalf of defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS. Defendant KOPPEL used the business name "Pro-Financial Group" to market these viaticals/life settlements, and received commissions for selling viaticals/life settlements to investors.
- 9. Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK were individuals residing in Michigan. Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK operated and were owners of the business

"Unlimited Bond Services" and later "Surety Marketing Source." Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK falsely claimed to be offering and selling surety bonds on behalf of "International Fidelity and Surety" (IFS), a company defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK claimed was a bonding company purportedly located in the South Pacific island nation of Vanuatu. Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK claimed to offer and sell these surety bonds to guarantee payout of investors' principal and promised return for viaticals/life settlements sold by other Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK agreed to issue bonding certificates on viaticals/life settlements sold by other defendants in exchange for a percentage of the bond amount, in order to assist defendants in selling viaticals/life settlements. Unlimited Bond Services, Surety Marketing Source, nor IFS were licensed to issue insurance or surety bonds in the United States.

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II. SCHEME TO DEFRAUD

10. From at least approximately 2001, and continuing to the present, in the Eastern District of California, and elsewhere, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly devised and intended to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud and to obtain money from investors throughout the United States by means of material false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, to wit: defendants knowingly made material false and fraudulent representations and promises, and omitted and concealed material facts from prospective investors,

about investing in viaticals/life settlements, and in connection therewith, caused the United States mails to be used.

11. As a result of the aforesaid scheme and artifice to defraud, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK defrauded approximately 500 investors in numerous states of an amount in excess of \$25 million.

III. WAYS AND MEANS

- 12. In furtherance of the scheme and artifice to defraud set forth above, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK employed, among others, the ways and means described below.
- interests in life insurance policies for the purpose of selling viaticals/life settlements to investors. Defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS located suitable life insurance policies, negotiated the purchase of the policies from viators directly or from a policy broker, determined the alleged investment return, fractionalized the policies, and tracked the portions of the policies already sold to investors. After selling viaticals/life settlements to investors, he was supposed to locate and select a bonding company to bond the viatical/life settlement, negotiate and pay the bond premium from investor proceeds, notify the insurance companies that the investors were the new beneficiaries of the death benefits, pay the premiums on the life insurance policies, monitor the health and possible death of the viator, and submit claims for bond payouts. He sold viaticals/life settlements to investors directly and

through others, including, but not limited to, defendants KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, and ROBERT KOPPEL, who received a fee or commission on each policy they successfully marketed to investors, often approximately 20% of the investment amount.

A. FALSE STATEMENTS AND OMISSIONS

- 14. In order to induce potential investors to purchase viaticals/life settlements, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, and ROBERT KOPPEL made and caused to be made a number of false and fraudulent statements, representations, and promises to investors, as more fully set forth below, including, but not limited to:
 - a. That the investment was safe, secure, and risk-free;
 - b. That investors were guaranteed a high rate of return;
 - c. That investors would be listed with insurance companies as beneficiaries;
 - d. That life expectancy periods would be determined by medical doctors;
 - e. That a bond would be issued from a United States bonding company that was "A-rated" and was regulated;
 - f. That investors' money would be held in escrow;
 - g. That due diligence was performed prior to making statements being made about the legality and safety of the investments, as well as facts being represented to investors; and
 - h. That those defendants selling these viaticals/life settlements did not need to be registered as broker-dealers in order to sell them.

- 15. In order to induce potential investors to purchase viaticals/life settlements, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, and ROBERT KOPPEL omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The omissions concerned, but were not limited to, the following:
 - a. The risks associated with their viaticals/life settlements;
 - b. That IFS was not a legitimate bonding company;
 - c. The State of Florida had issued a cease and desist order prohibiting IFS from issuing bonds;
 - d. That the bonding companies were not located in the United States, were not regulated by the United States, and were not licensed to sell bonds in the United States;
 - e. That a previous bonding company had failed to pay investors, and therefore there was a risk of non-payment on the bonds;
 - f. That defendants had not verified whether the people determining life expectancies were licensed medical doctors;
 - g. That investor funds would be transferred out of escrow prior to premiums and expenses being paid;
 - h. That the viaticals/life settlements being sold were securities that were not registered for sale, and the defendants were not registered or licensed as broker-dealers; and

i. That the California Department of Corporations had issued a desist and refrain order prohibiting the defendants from selling viaticals/life settlements.

B. FALSE BONDS

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- 16. Defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK made and caused to be made false statements and representations to investors that the viaticals/life settlements were bonded. Defendants claimed that such bonds made the investment risk-free because if a viator did not pass away during the life expectancy period plus a stated number of days (the elimination period), the bonding company would pay the investor fully to reimburse the investor's principal and the promised return on the investment. In that way, no investors would lose his or her money.
- 17. IFS was purportedly located in the South Pacific island nation of Vanuatu. In fact, defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK were located in the United States and caused documents to be filed in Vanuatu to create the appearance that IFS was a legitimate bonding company located in Vanuatu. IFS had no offices or employees located in Vanuatu. All sales for IFS were conducted by defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK using their businesses Unlimited Bond Services and Surety Marketing Source. In truth and in fact, IFS was a shell corporation, controlled by defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK. Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK. Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK caused the IFS certificates of bond to be prepared in their office, and copies of these documents were not sent to IFS in Vanuatu. Bond premiums received by defendants

DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK were not sent to IFS in Vanuatu. Defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK issued no legitimate bonds on the viaticals/life settlements, and although most viators did not pass away prior to the end of the guaranteed period, none of the bonds were honored.

- 18. After defendants DAVID GOLDENBERG and MARK ERIC WOLOK failed to pay investors their principal and promised return once the life-expectancy period passed, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, and ROBERT KOPPEL began using other purported bonding companies, and continued to represent to investors that the bonded aspect of the viaticals/life settlements made them safe, secure, and risk free.
- 19. Defendants omitted to state to investors that the previous bonding company failed to pay investors and omitted to state that there was a risk of non-payment with the bonding company, which were material facts necessary in order to make statements made about the bonding companies, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- 20. When investors learned that IFS was failing to pay investors on the bonds, defendants promised some investors that the investors would have their full contractual benefits paid by NEUHAUS's business. In fact, NEUHAUS' business failed to pay investors on the IFS bonds.

C. FALSE RESCISSION LETTER

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21. Defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS sent one concerned investor a false and fraudulent document by fax. When the investor became concerned about the fact that his money had been transferred out of escrow prior to a policy having been issued in the investor's name,

he requested his money back. Defendant DONALD FRED NEUHAUS sent the false and fraudulent document to the investor, which defendant NEUHAUS falsely represented was a rescission letter he had sent to the insurance company, when in truth and in fact, the letter had never been sent to the insurance company.

D. PONZI SCHEME

22. Defendants perpetuated the scheme by continuing to raise new investor money to pay premiums on life insurance policies previously sold to other investors.

IV. MAILINGS

23. On or about the dates set forth below, in the State and Eastern District of California, for the purposes of executing the scheme and artifice to defraud, and attempting to do so, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK, knowingly placed and caused to be placed in any post office or authorized depository for mail matter, any matter or thing to be sent or delivered by the United States Postal Service, and knowingly caused to be delivered by mail according to the directions thereon, as charged below:

Count	Date	Mailing	
1	6/3/2003	Letter from David Goldenberg to Donald Neuhaus regarding bonds and payout dates	
2	8/4/2003	Letter from Robert Eberle to investor C.S. confirming funds placed in escrow	
3	9/19/2003	Letter from Barbara Eberle to investor C.R. confirming recordation of name on policy	
4	9/19/2003	Letter from Barbara Eberle to investor E.M. confirming processing of policy	
5	9/19/2003	Letter from Barbara Eberle to investor E.C. confirming processing of policy	

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б	8/18/2003	Letter to investor C.H. requesting a signature	
7	9/10/2004	Letter from Donald Neuhaus to investor E.M. re date of bond	
8	1/25/2005	Letter from Barbara Eberle to investor E.M. re payout on bond on policies	
9	1/26/2005	Letter from Kimberly Snowden to investor C.H. confirming investment	
10	4/13/2005	Letter from Donald Neuhaus to investor S.P. confirming investment	
11	3/1/2006	Letter from Kimberly Snowden to investor R.W.	

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341 and 2.

COUNT TWELVE: [15 U.S.C. §§ 77q(a), 77x - Securities Fraud]

The Grand Jury further charges:

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS,
KIMBERLY SNOWDEN,
ROBERT EBERLE,
BARBARA EBERLE,
CLIFFORD PALM,
ROBERT KOPPEL,
DAVID GOLDENBERG, and
MARK ERIC WOLOK,

defendants herein, as follows:

At all times material to this Indictment:

- 1. The Grand Jury realleges and incorporates herein by reference paragraphs 1 through 9 above.
- 2. Beginning in or about 2001, and continuing to August 22, 2007, in the State and Eastern District of California and elsewhere, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK, in the offer and sale of securities by use of means and instruments of transportation and communication in interstate commerce and by use of the mails,

- a) employed a device, scheme and artifice to defraud;
- b) obtained money by means of untrue statements of material facts and omitted statements of material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading; and
- c) engaged in a transaction, practice and course of business that operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers.
- 3. The Grand Jury realleges and incorporates herein by reference paragraphs 12 through 22 above.
- 4. As a result of the aforesaid scheme and artifice to defraud, defendants DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, KIMBERLY SNOWDEN, ROBERT EBERLE, BARBARA EBERLE, CLIFFORD PALM, ROBERT KOPPEL, DAVID GOLDENBERG, and MARK ERIC WOLOK defrauded 500 investors in at least 20 states of an amount in excess of \$25 million.

All in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Sections 77q(a), 77x, and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

COUNTS THIRTEEN THROUGH FIFTEEN: [18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(A)(i) - Money Laundering to Promote Specified Unlawful Activity]

The Grand Jury further charges:

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS,

defendant herein, as follows:

1. On or about the approximate dates set forth below, in the State and Eastern District of California, DONALD FRED NEUHAUS did knowingly and willfully conduct financial transactions affecting interstate commerce as set forth below, each of which involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, to wit: Mail Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341, as alleged

in Counts 1 through 11; and Securities Fraud, in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Sections 77q(a) and 77x, as alleged in Count 12; with the intent to promote the carrying on of such specified unlawful activity, and while conducting said financial transactions knew that the property involved in the financial transaction represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity:

Count	Date	Transaction	
13	1/9/2003	\$97,999.97 wire from California to defendant DAVID GOLDENBERG at Unlimited Bond Services in Michigan	
14	3/18/2003	\$411,189 wire from California to defendant DAVID GOLDENBERG at Surety Marketing Source in Michigan	
15	4/4/2003	\$270,845.54 wire from California to defendant DAVID GOLDENBERG at Surety Marketing Source in Michigan	

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(A)(i) and 2.

COUNTS SIXTEEN THROUGH NINETEEN: [18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2 - Money Laundering to Conceal the Proceeds of Specified Unlawful Activity]

The Grand Juxy further charges: T H A T

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, and KIMBERLY SNOWDEN,

defendants herein, on or about the approximate dates set forth below, in the State and Eastern District of California, did knowingly and willfully conduct financial transactions affecting interstate commerce as set forth below, each of which involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, to wit: Mail Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341, as alleged in Counts 1 through 11; and Securities Fraud, in violation of Title

15, United States Code, Sections 77q(a) and 77x, as alleged in Count 12; knowing that the transactions were designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of said specified unlawful activity, and while conducting said financial transactions, knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity:

Count	Date	Transaction	
16	4/15/2005	Check for \$250,000 issued from escrow at Fidelity Title payable to Kimberly Snowden	
17	4/15/2005	Deposit of \$250,000 check into Kimberly Snowden's personal checking account at Wells Fargo Bank	
18	4/15/2005	Check for \$225,000 issued from Kimberly Snowden's personal checking account at Wells Fargo Bank payable to AFS	
19	4/15/2005	Deposit of \$225,000 check into Donald Neuhaus'bank account at Tri Counties Bank	

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2.

COUNTS TWENTY THROUGH TWENTY-THREE:

[18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 -

Engaging in Monetary

Transactions over \$10,000 in Property Derived from

Specified Unlawful

Activities]

The Grand Jury further charges: T H A T

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS,

defendant herein, on or about the approximate dates set forth below, in the State and Eastern District of California, did knowingly engage in monetary transactions as set forth below, each of which was by, through, or to a financial institution affecting interstate or foreign commerce, in criminally derived property of a

value greater than \$10,000, such property having been derived from a specified unlawful activity, that is, Mail Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341, as alleged in Counts 1 through 11; and Securities Fraud, in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Sections 77q(a) and 77x, as alleged in Count 12:

Count	Date	Transaction	
20	1/9/2003	\$97,999.97 wire from California to defendant DAVID GOLDENBERG at Unlimited Bond Services in Michigan	
21	3/18/2003	\$411,189 from California to defendant DAVID GOLDENBERG at Surety Marketing Source in Michigan	
22	4/4/2003	\$270,845.54 wired from California to defendant DAVID GOLDENBERG at Surety Marketing Source in Michigan	

All in violation of Title 18, United States Codes, Sections 1957 and 2.

COUNTS TWENTY-THREE AND TWENTY-FOUR: [18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 -

Engaging in Monetary

Transactions over \$10,000 in

Property Derived from Specified Unlawful

Activities]

The Grand Jury further charges: T H A T

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS, and KIMBERLY SNOWDEN,

defendants herein, on or about the approximate dates set forth below, in the State and Eastern District of California, did knowingly engage in monetary transactions as set forth below, each of which was by, through, or to a financial institution affecting interstate or foreign commerce, in criminally derived property of a value greater than \$10,000, such property having been derived from a specified unlawful activity, that is, Mail Fraud, in violation of

Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341, as alleged in Counts 1 through 11; and Securities Fraud, in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Sections 77q(a) and 77x, as alleged in Count 12:

Count	Date	Transaction	
23	4/15/2005	Deposit of \$250,000 check into KIMBERLY SNOWDEN's personal checking account at Wells Fargo Bank	
24	4/15/2005	Deposit of \$225,000 check into DONALD FRED NEUHAUS'bank account at Tri Counties Bank	

All in violation of Title 18, United States Codes, Sections 1957 and 2.

COUNTS TWENTY-FIVE AND TWENTY-SIX: [18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 Engaging in Monetary
Transactions over \$10,000 in
Property Derived from
Specified Unlawful Activities]

The Grand Jury further charges: T H A T

ROBERT EBERLE, and BARBARA EBERLE,

defendants herein, on or about the approximate dates set forth below, in the State and Eastern District of California, did knowingly engage in monetary transactions as set forth below, each of which was by, through, or to a financial institution affecting interstate or foreign commerce, in criminally derived property of a value greater than \$10,000, such property having been derived from a specified unlawful activity, that is, Mail Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341, as alleged in Counts 1 through 11; and Securities Fraud, in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Sections 77q(a) and 77x, as alleged in Count 12:

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Count	Date	Transaction	
25	2/14/2003	Check for \$12,800 issued from Lexus Financial Group account at Washington Mutual Bank to sales agent	
26	3/4/2003	Check for \$13,475.30 issued from Lexus Financial Group account at Washington Mutual Bank to BOB KOPPEL	

All in violation of Title 18, United States Codes, Sections 1957 and 2.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: [18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), and 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1) - Criminal Forfeiture]

The Grand Jury further charges:

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS,

defendant herein, as follows:

Upon conviction of one or more of the offenses alleged in Counts 1 through 11 of this Indictment, defendant shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), any property, real or personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to such offense.

Upon conviction of one or more of the offenses alleged in Counts 13 through 26 of this Indictment, defendant shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1), any property, real or personal, involved in such offense, or any property traceable to such property.

Said forfeiture shall include, but not be limited to, a sum of money equal to the amount of proceeds involved in or derived from the offenses charge in Counts 1 through 11 and Counts 13 through 26.

If any property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant, cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;

has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third person; has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court; has been substantially diminished in value; or has been commingled with 3 other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty, it is 4 the intent of the United States, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982(b)(1), incorporating 21 U.S.C. § 853(p), and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) to seek 6 forfeiture of any other property of said defendant up to the value of the property subject to forfeiture, including but not limited to 8 9 the following: Approximately \$9,983.00 in U.S. Currency; 10 a)

- b) 44 South African Gold Krugerrands; and
- c) 2 Canadian Elizabeth II silver coins.

/s/ Signature on file w/AUSA

FOREPERSON

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McGREGOR W. SCOTT

United States Attorney

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Eastern District of California

Criminal Division

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DONALD FRED NEUHAUS; KIMBERLY SNOWDEN; ROBERT EBERLE; BARBARA EBERLE; CLIFFORD PALM; ROBERT KOPPEL; DAVID GOLDENBERG; and MARK ERIC WOLOK

INDICTMENT

VIOLATION(S): 18 U.S.C. §§ 1341 and 2 - Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting (11 Counts); 15 U.S.C. §§ 77q(a) and 77x - Securities Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(A)(i) - Money Laundering to Promote Specified Unlawful Activity(3 Counts); 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2 - Money Laundering to Conceal the Proceeds of Specified Unlawful Activity(4 Counts); 18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 - Engaging in Monetary Transactions Over \$10,000 in Property Derived from Specified Unlawful Activities (7 Counts); 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), 28 U.S.C. § 2461, and 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1) - Criminal Forfeiture

A true bill,	<u> [S]</u>	Foreman.
Filed in open court the	St .A.D. 20 07	day Lelultz Clerk.
Bail, & Beach Warrants All Defendants. Dule A. Dule A. Durents All Defendants.		





PENALTY SLIP (INDICTMENT)

COUNTS ONE - ELEVEN:

DEFENDANTS: Donald Fred Neuhaus, Kimberly Snowden; Robert Eberle; Barbara Eberle; Clifford Palm;

Robert Koppel; David Goldenberg; Mark Eric Wolok

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. §§ 1341 and 2 - Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting

PENALTY:

Not More Than 20 years imprisonment; Not More Than \$250,000 fine, or both;

3-years supervised release.

COUNT TWELVE:

DEFENDANTS: Donald Fred Neuhaus, Kimberly Snowden; Robert Eberle; Barbara Eberle; Clifford Palm;

Robert Koppel; David Goldenberg; Mark Eric Wolok

VIOLATION:

15 U.S.C. §§ 77q(a) and 77x - Securities Fraud

PENALTY:

Not More Than 5 years imprisonment; Not More Than \$250,000 fine, or both;

3-years supervised release.

COUNTS THIRTEEN - FIFTEEN:

DEFENDANTS:

Donald Fred Neuhaus

VIOLATION: PENALTY:

18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(A)(i) - Money Laundering to Promote Specified Unlawful Activity

Not More Than 20 years imprisonment;

Not More Than \$500,000 fine, or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater, or both fine

and imprisonment;

5-years supervised release

COUNTS SIXTEEN - NINETEEN:

DEFENDANTS:

Donald Fred Neuhaus and Kimberly Snowden

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(I) - Money Laundering to Conceal the Proceeds of Specified

Unlawful Activity

PENALTY:

Not More Than 20 years imprisonment; Not More Than \$500,000 fine, or both;

5-years supervised release

COUNTS TWENTY - TWENTY-TWO:

DEFENDANT:

Donald Fred Neuhaus

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 - Engaging in Monetary Transactions over \$10,000 in Property

Derived from Specified Unlawful Activities

PENALTY:

Not More Than 10 years imprisonment:

Not More Than \$250,000 fine, or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater, or both fine

and imprisonment;

3-years supervised release

COUNTS TWENTY-THREE - TWENTY FOUR:

DEFENDANTS:

Donald Fred Neuhaus; Kimberly Snowden

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 - Engaging in Monetary Transactions over \$10,000 in Property

Derived from Specified Unlawful Activities

PENALTY:

Not More Than 10 years imprisonment;

Not More Than \$250,000 fine, or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater, or both fine

and imprisonment;

3-years supervised release

COUNTS TWENTY-FIVE - - TWENTY-SIX:

DEFENDANTS:

Robert Eberle and Barbara Eberle

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. §§ 1957 and 2 - Engaging in Monetary Transactions over \$10,000 in Property

Derived from Specified Unlawful Activities

PENALTY:

Not More Than 10 years imprisonment;

Not More Than \$250,000 fine, or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater, or both fine

and imprisonment;

3-years supervised release

DEFENDANT:

Donald Fred Neuhaus

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION:

18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), and 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1) -

Criminal Forfeiture

ASSESSMENT: Mandatory \$100 special assessment each count.

(PENALTY SLIP)